## Mental strategies journey through school

Grid shows KS1 number bonds to secure - practised throughout school.

| Adding 1 and 2 |  | Bonds to 10 |  |  | Adding 10 |  |  | Bridging/ compensating |  |  | Y1 facts$\sqrt[5]{\sqrt{\mathrm{Y} 2}}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Doubles |  | Adding 0 |  |  | Near doubles |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $+$ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |  |
| 0 | $0+0$ | $0+1$ | $0+2$ | $0+3$ | $0+4$ | $0+5$ | $0+6$ | $0+7$ | $0+8$ | $0+9$ | $0+10$ |  |
| 1 | $1+0$ | $1+1$ | $1+2$ | $1+3$ | $1+4$ | $1+5$ | $1+6$ | $1+7$ | $1+8$ | $1+9$ | $1+10$ |  |
| 2 | $2+0$ | $2+1$ | $2+2$ | $2+3$ | $2+4$ | $2+5$ | $2+6$ | $2+7$ | $2+8$ | $2+9$ | $2+10$ |  |
| 3 | $3+0$ | $3+1$ | $3+2$ | $3+3$ | $3+4$ | $3+5$ | $3+6$ | $3+7$ | $3+8$ | $3+9$ | $3+10$ |  |
| 4 | $4+0$ | $4+1$ | $4+2$ | $4+3$ | $4+4$ | $4+5$ | $4+6$ | $4+7$ | $4+8$ | $4+9$ | $4+10$ |  |
| 5 | $5+0$ | $5+1$ | $5+2$ | $5+3$ | $5+4$ | $5+5$ | $5+6$ | $5+7$ | $5+8$ | $5+9$ | $5+10$ |  |
| 6 | $6+0$ | $6+1$ | $6+2$ | $6+3$ | $6+4$ | $6+5$ | $6+6$ | $6+7$ | $6+8$ | $6+9$ | $6+10$ |  |
| 7 | $7+0$ | $7+1$ | $7+2$ | $7+3$ | $7+4$ | $7+5$ | $7+6$ | $7+7$ | $7+8$ | $7+9$ | $7+10$ |  |
| 8 | $8+0$ | $8+1$ | $8+2$ | $8+3$ | $8+4$ | $8+5$ | $8+6$ | $8+7$ | $8+8$ | $8+9$ | $8+10$ |  |
| 9 | $9+0$ | $9+1$ | $9+2$ | $9+3$ | $9+4$ | $9+5$ | $9+6$ | $9+7$ | $9+8$ | $9+9$ | $9+10$ |  |
| 10 | $\begin{gathered} 10+ \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10 * \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10 * \\ 2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10+ \\ 3 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10 * \\ 4 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10+ \\ 5 \end{gathered}$ | $10 \times 6$ | $\begin{gathered} 10+ \\ 7 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10+ \\ 8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10+ \\ 9 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10 * \\ 10 \end{gathered}$ |  |



| Year 2 |
| :--- |
| Rapid recall |
| Y1 and 2 facts on grid tested and recorded termly - including associated subtraction facts |
| 2,5 and 10 times table multiplication and division facts |
| Mental strategies |
| Number bonds to 10 and near number bonds to add two or three single digit numbers |
| Spot doubles and near doubles to add two or three single digit numbers |
| Use number bonds to 20 and near number bonds to 20 to add 2 numbers |
| +10 to any 2 digit number (support with models, images and hundred square) |
| Partitioning: Calculations with whole numbers which do not involve crossing place value <br> boundaries- e.g. $23+45=~ ? ~ b y ~ 40 ~+~$ <br> + $20 ~+~$ <br> 3 or $40+23+5$ |
| Counting on or back in tens and ones to add or subtract - flexibility with number line |
| Adjusting +/- 9 and 11 by adding 10 then subtracting or adding 1 |
| Adjusting: 'make ten' supported by models and images e.g. $8+6=8+2+4$ |
| $+/-$ multiples of 10 where the answer is between 0 and 100 (e.g. $70+30=100,20+40=60$ ) |
| Doubling and halving: Derives doubles and halves of multiples of 10 up to 100 |
| Doubling and halving: Find the doubles to 100 using partitioning and halves of any even number <br> to 100 |


| Year 3 |
| :--- |
| Rapid recall |
| 3,4 and 8 times table and associated division facts |
| Multiply 2 digit number by 10 |
| $+/-$ multiples of 10 where the answer is between 0 and 100 (e.g. $70+30=100,20+40=60$ ) |
| Doubles and halves of multiples of 10 up to 100 |
| Mental strategies |
| Counting on or back in fives from any multiple of $5-$ e.g. $35+15=?$ by counting on in steps of 5 <br> from 35 |
| Counting on or back in hundreds from any number e.g. $570+300=?$ by counting on in hundreds <br> from 570 |
| Partitioning: Calculations with whole numbers which involves crossing place value boundaries e.g. <br> $42-28=? ~ b y ~$ $2-2-20-6$ |
| Adjusting multiples of 10 e.g. $38+68=$ ? by $38+70-2$ or $45-29=45-30+1$ |
| Adjusting: 'make ten' progressing to multiples of ten e.g $28+13=30+11$ |
| Near doubles to numbers under 20 e.g. $18+16$ is double 18 and subtract 2 or double 16 and add <br> 2 |
| Near doubles to multiples of 10 e.g. $60+70$ is double 60 and add 10 or double 70 and subtract 10 |
| Doubling and halving: Find the doubles and halves of any two-digit number and any multiple of 10 <br> or $100-$ e.g. half 680 or double 73 |
| Doubling and halving: Multiply and divide by 4 by doubling/halving twice and 8 by <br> doubling/halving again. - e.g. $34 \times 4=34 \times 2 \times 2$. |


| Year 4 |
| :--- |
| Rapid recall |
| All multiplication and division facts up to $12 \times 12$ |
| +/- multiples of 10 beyond 100 e.g. $50+60=110$ |
| + or - multiples of 100 up to 1000 |
| Half of any even number to 100 |
| Multiply and 2 or 3 digit number by ten |
| Mental strategies |
| Counting on or back in tenths and/or hundredths- e.g. $3.2+0.6=?$ by counting on in tenths. $1.7+$ <br> $0.55=$ ? by counting on in tenths and hundredths - flexibility with a number line <br> Adjusting multiples of 10 or 100 e.g. $138+69=$ ? by $138+70-1$ or $299-48=300-48-1$ <br> Adjusting 'make ten' progressing to 3 digit numbers e.g. $128+32=130+30$ <br> Partitioning: Calculations with decimal numbers not crossing place value boundaries then crossing <br> boundaries. E.g. $3.2+2.1$ progressing to $3.7+6.8$ <br> Near doubles to 100 e.g. $75+76$ is double 76 and subtract 1 or double 75 and add 1. <br> Doubling and halving: Find the doubles and halves of any number up to 1,000 by partitioning |


| Year 5 |
| :--- |
| Rapid recall |
| $+/-$ multiples of 1000 |
| Multiply and divide any number by 10 and 100 |
| Halves of any number to 100 (e.g. half of $22=11$, half of $51=25.5$ ) |
| Squares of all numbers up to 12 |
| Cubes of $2,3,4$ and 5 |
| Mental strategies |
| Adjusting multiples with decimals e.g $21 / 2+13 / 4$ by $21 / 2+2-1 / 4$ or $5.7+3.9$ by $5.7+4.0-0.1$ |
| Decimal near doubles to whole numbers e.g. $2.5+2.6$ is double 2.5 add 0.1 or double 2.6 subtract <br> 0.1. |
| Doubling and halving: Find the doubles and halves of any number up to 10,000 by partitioning - <br> e.g. half of 32,202 by halving $3,000,2000,200$ and 2 |
| Doubling and halving: Multiply by 50 by multiplying by 100 and halving e.g. $8 \times 50=8 \times 100$ <br> divided by 2 |
| Doubling and halving: Double and half decimal number with up to one decimal place by <br> portioning - e.g. half of 8.4 by halving 8 and halving 0.4 |


| Year 6 |
| :--- |
| Rapid recall |
| Multiplication of multiples of 10 and 100 based on known facts (e.g. $40 \times 40=1,600$ ); |
| Mental strategies |
| Adjusting multiples with decimals e.g $21 / 2+13 / 4$ by $21 / 2+2-1 / 4$ or $5.7+3.9$ by $5.7+4.0-0.1$ |
| Decimal near doubles to whole numbers e.g. $2.5+2.6$ is double 2.5 add 0.1 or double 2.6 subtract |
| 0.1. |
| Doubling and halving: Find the doubles and halves of any number up to 10,000 by partitioning - <br> e.g. half of 32,202 by halving $3,000,2000,200$ and 2 |

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    Doubling and halving: Double and half decimal number with up to one decimal place by portioning - e.g. half of 8.4 by halving 8 and halving 0.4

