

Tacolneston and Morley Federation



Year 5 PSHE- Living in the wide world Stereotypes, Discrimination and Prejudice

Key Knowledge

Stereotyping, including gender stereotyping

- Can explain what is meant by the word 'stereotype'
- Identify stereotypes as presented in the media and wider world
- Feel able to challenge gender stereotypes

Prejudice and discrimination and how this can make people feel

- Identify some discriminatory language (homophobic, sexist, disablist, racist and transphobic)
- Know what to do if they experience discriminatory language at school
- Understand how discriminatory language can make people feel and that this is unacceptable

Vocabulary

Stereotype - a mistaken idea or belief many people have about a thing or group that is based upon how they look or behave, which may be untrue or only partly true

Gender - either male or female

Media – communication channels, eg. newspapers, magazines, television, radio, billboards, telephone, the internet

Prejudice - an opinion that is not based on reason or actual experience

Discrimination - treating someone as inferior based on their race, sex, national origin or other characteristics

Homophobic - having or showing a dislike of homosexual people Sexist - showing discrimination, typically against women, on the basis of sex

Disablist - discriminatory or prejudiced against people who are disabled

Racist - a person who feels or shows discrimination or prejudice against people of other races

Transphobic - having or showing a dislike of or prejudice against transsexual or transgender people